IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Iola, Texas

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATE OF BOARD August 31, 2021

Name of School District	Grimes County	093-903 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financia (check one) approved disapproved for the year of such school district on the 13 th day of January, 2022.	ıl reports of the above-named : ear ended August 31, 2021, at a	school district were reviewed and a meeting of the Board of Trustees
Signature of Board Secretary	Signa	ature of Board President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditors' report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Iola Independent School District Iola, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, fiduciary funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of Iola Independent School District ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, fiduciary funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of August 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, major fund budgetary comparison information, and District's pension and OPEB schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, other supplementary information, and the schedule of required responses to selected school first indicators, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and the schedule of required responses to selected school first indicators have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 13, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Whey + Kade XXP CERTIFYED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Lufkin, Texas January 13, 2022



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The purpose of the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the financial activities of Iola Independent School District (the "District") for the year ending August 31, 2021. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the District's activities, compares current year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$3,351,123 as of August 31, 2021.
- For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021, the District's general fund reported a total fund balance of \$3,945,125, of which, \$2,341,582 is unassigned.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds (the general fund plus all state and federal grant funds and debt service fund) reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,667,686.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual financial report consists of several parts - **management's discussion and analysis** (this section), the **basic financial statements** and **required supplementary information**. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a
 trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the fiduciary resources belong. This fund includes student activity
 funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The notes to the financial statements are followed by a section entitled *Required Supplementary Information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results, and financial position of the District as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the District's financial statements, report information on the District's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of the District. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's tax base, staffing patterns, enrollment, and attendance, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the District.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows - the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities include the following class of activities:

• Governmental Activities - Most of the District's basic services such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, general administration, and plant operation and maintenance are included in *governmental activities*. Locally assessed property taxes, together with State foundation program entitlements, which are based upon student enrollment and attendance, finance most of the governmental activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found after the MD&A.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are simply accounting devices that are used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and other funds are mandated by bond agreements or bond covenants.
- > The Board of Trustees (the "Board) establishes other funds to control and manage money set aside for particular purposes or to show that the District is properly using certain taxes and grants
- > Other funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a custodial capacity these assets do not belong to the District, but the District is responsible to properly account for them.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds The District serves as the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds such as student activity and various trust funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its governmental operations.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's combined net position was \$3,351,123 at year end. *Table 1* focuses on net position while *Table 2* shows the revenues and expenses that changed the net position balance during the year. The District reported an increase of \$1,401,370 in net position from the prior year.

Table 1
The District's Net Position

		GOVEF ACT	RNME IVIT		TOTAL CHANGE	PERCENT CHANGE	
	-	2021 2020			2021 - 2020	2021 - 2020	
Current and other assets	\$	5 061 460	\$	3 717 881	\$	1 343 579	36%
Capital and long-term assets		10 641 095		10 921 141		(280 046)	(3)%
TOTAL ASSETS		15 702 555		14 639 002		1 063 533	7%
Deferred charge on refunding	_	260 116		274 567	_	(14 451)	(5)%
Deferred outflows - Pension		452 978		636 665		(183 687)	(29)%
Deferred outflows - OPEB	_	389 384	_	299 901		89 483	30%
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	_	1 102 478	_	1 211 133		(108 655)	(9)%
Current liabilities		593 040		570 785		22 255	4%
Long term liabilities		11 319 716		12 028 487		(708 771)	(6)%
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	11 912 756	-	12 599 272		(686 516)	(5)%
Deferred inflows - Pensions	-	351 035	-	408 896		(57 861)	(14)%
Deferred inflows - OPEB		1 190 119		892 234		297 885	33%
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	-	1 541 154	-	1 301 130		240 024	18%
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets		2 291 211		2 235 708		55 503	2%
Restricted		722 561		630 325		92 236	15%
Unrestricted		337 351		(916 280)		1 253 631	137%
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	3 351 123	\$	1 949 753	\$	1 401 370	72%

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

		GOVE	RNMI	ENTAL		TOTAL	PERCENT
		ACT	TIVIT	IES		CHANGE	CHANGE
		2021		2020	-	2021 - 2020	2021 - 2020
Revenues:			_				
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	167 669	\$	133 403	\$	34 266	26%
Operating grants and contributions		1 158 330		827 446		330 884	40%
General Revenues:							
Property taxes		4 343 044		4 168 601		176 746	4%
Grants and contributions not restricted for							
specific programs		2 918 629		2 452 714		465 915	19%
Investment earnings		5 323		47 790		(42 467)	(89)%
Other revenues	_	145 054		104 701		40 353	39%
TOTAL REVENUES	_	8 738 049		7 734 655		1 005 697	13%
_							
Expenses: Instruction		4 138 220		3 988 563		149 567	4%
Instructional resources and media services		59 995		56 432		3 563	5%
Curriculum/instructional staff development		61 666		60 154		1 512	3%
School leadership		327 936		313 074		14 862	5%
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		83 409		78 027		5 382	7%
Health services		64 087		62 981		1 106	2%
Student transportation		300 723		259 673		41 050	16%
Food services		340 392		320 451		19 941	6%
Extracurricular activities		375 899		336 074		39 825	12%
General administration		384 544		366 753		17 791	5%
Plant maintenance and operations		687 531		631 816		55 715	9%
Security and monitoring services		64 683		140 377		(75 694)	(54)%
Data processing services		21 685		17 329		4 356	25%
Debt service - Interest		231 620		243 832		(12 212)	(5)%
Bond issuance costs and fees		900		900		` 2 303 [´]	256%
Payments to fiscal agent/member districts of SSA		95 186		80 572		14 614	18%
Other intergovernmental charges		98 203		100 975		(2 772)	(3)%
TOTAL EXPENSES	_	7 336 679		7 057 983		280 999	4%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1 401 370		676 672	\$	724 698	107%
Beginning net position		1 949 753		1 273 081			
ENDING NET POSITION	\$	3 351 123	\$	1 949 753	- -		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At the close of the fiscal year ending August 31, 2021, the District's governmental funds reported a fund balance of \$4,667,686. This compares to a combined fund balance of \$3,311,338 at August 31, 2020. The fund balance in the general fund of \$3,945,125 increased by \$1,264,112 during the fiscal year end. The increase can be attributed largely to an increase in state aid in the current year. The fund balance in the debt service fund of \$620,267 increased by \$49,578.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

In accordance with State law and generally accepted accounting principles, the District prepares an annual budget for the general fund, the food service special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. Special revenue funds have budgets approved by the funding agency and are amended throughout the year as required.

During the period ended August 31, 2021, the District amended its budget as required by State law and to reflect current levels of revenue and anticipated expenses. The general fund's actual revenues were more than budgeted revenues by \$992,248. Total general fund budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures by \$144,489 with the largest positive variances in instruction and cocurricular/extracurricular activities.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are generally defined as those items that have useful lives of two years or more and have an initial cost or value (if donated) of an amount determined by the Board. During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021, the District used a capitalization threshold of \$5,000, which means that all capital type assets, including library books, with a cost or initial value of less than \$5,000 were not included in the capital assets inventory.

At August 31, 2021, the District had a total of \$10,641,095 net invested in capital assets (net of depreciation) such as land, construction in progress, buildings, and District equipment. This total includes \$284,066 invested during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021.

More detailed information about the District's capital assets can be found in note 3.B. to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt

At year end, the District had \$8,610,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding versus \$8,960,000 last year. The District paid \$350,000 in principal payments during the year.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in note 3.C. to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND THE NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The District's budgeted expenditures for the 2021-2022 school year total \$5,605,087, and the District's Board adopted a Maintenance and Operations tax rate of \$0.872 and an Interest and Sinking rate of \$0.17 for a combined rate of \$1.042 per \$100 of valuation.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office at 7282 Fort Worth, Iola, Texas 77861 or by calling 936.394.2361.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2021

EXHIBIT A-1

ASSETS 1110 Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4 626 052 1225 Property taxes receivable (net allowance of \$77,726) 181 362 1240 Due from other governments 250 346 1290 Other receivables (net) 3700 Capital Assets: Capital Assets: 1510 Land 466 540 1520 Buildings and improvements, net 9 642 838 1530 Equipment and vehicles, net 350 797 1580 Construction in progress 180 920 1000 TOTAL ASSETS 180 920 116 16 10 628 170 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000
1225 Property taxes receivable (net allowance of \$77,726) 181 362 1240 Due from other governments 250 346 1290 Other receivables (net) 3 700 Capital Assets: 1510 Land 466 540 1520 Buildings and improvements, net 9 642 838 1530 Equipment and vehicles, net 350 797 1580 Construction in progress 180 920 1000 TOTAL ASSETS 15 702 555 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred charge on refunding 260 116 Deferred outflows - Pensions 452 978 Deferred outflows - OPEB 389 384 1700 TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS 1 102 478 TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS 16 805 033 LIABILITIES 2140 Interest payable 10 628 2150 Payroll deductions and withholdings 71 163 2160 Accrued wages payable 141 249 2501 Due within one year 370 000
1240 Due from other governments (1290) 250 346 (1290) 1290 Other receivables (net) 3 700 Capital Assets: 1510 Land 466 540 (1520) 1520 Buildings and improvements, net 9 642 838 (1530) 1530 Equipment and vehicles, net 350 797 (1580) 1580 Construction in progress 180 920 (1580) 1000 TOTAL ASSETS 15 702 555 (1570) DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred charge on refunding Deferred outflows - Pensions (1580) 452 978 (1580) Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred outflows - OPEB (1500) 389 384 (1500) TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS (1680) 110 2478 (1680) TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS (1680) 16 805 033 (1680) LIABILITIES (1680) 10 628 (1680) 2140 Interest payable (1680) 10 628 (1680) 2150 Payroll deductions and withholdings (1780) 71 163 (1680) 2160 Accrued wages payable (1780) 141 249 (1780) 2501 Due within one year (1780) 370 000
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2150Payroll deductions and withholdings71 1632160Accrued wages payable141 2492501Due within one year370 000
2160Accrued wages payable141 2492501Due within one year370 000
2501 Due within one year 370 000
,
Noncurrent Liabilities:
2502 Due in more than one year 8 240 000
2516 Premium on bond issue 592 536
2540 Net pension liability 1 061 767
2545 Net OPEB liability 1 425 413
2000 TOTAL LIABILITIES <u>11 912 756</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS
Deferred inflows - Pension 351 035
Deferred inflows - OPEB 1 190 119
2600 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS 1 541 154
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS 13 453 910
NET POSITION
3200 Net investment in capital assets 2 291 211 Restricted for:
3820 Federal and state programs 102 294
3850 Debt service 620 267
3900 Unrestricted 337 351
3000 TOTAL NET POSITION \$ 3 351 123

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

EXHIBIT B-1

DATA CONTROL CODES	FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	<u>.</u> .	1 EXPENSES		3 PROG CHARGES FOR SERVICES	RAI	4 1 REVENUES OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
	Governmental Activities:	_	4 400 000			_	602.246	_	(2.455.004)
11	Instruction	\$	4 138 220	\$	-	\$	682 316	\$	(3 455 904)
12 13	Instructional resources and media services Curriculum/instructional		59 995		-		7 167		(52 828)
	staff development		61 666		_		_		(61 666)
23	School leadership		327 936		_		45 896		(282 040)
31	Guidance, counseling, and		327 330				15 050		(202 0 10)
31	evaluation services		83 409		_		16 237		(67 172)
33	Health services		64 087		_		-		(64 087)
34	Student (pupil) transportation		300 723		_		26 196		(274 527)
35	Food services		340 392		152 775		200 362		12 745
36	Extracurricular activities		375 899		14 894		16 392		(344 613)
41	General administration		384 544		-		48 029		(336 515)
51	Plant maintenance and operations		687 531		_		115 735		(571 796)
52	Security and monitoring services		64 683		_		-		(64 683)
53	Data processing services		21 685		_		_		(21 685)
72	Debt service - Interest on								(== 000)
. =	long-term debt		231 620		_		_		(231 620)
73	Bond issuance costs and fees		900		_		_		(3 203)
93	Payments to fiscal agent/member		300						(3 203)
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	districts of SSA		95 186		_		_		(95 186)
99	Other intergovernmental charges		98 203		_		_		(98 203)
TG	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL	•	30 203			-		-	(30 203)
10	ACTIVITIES	\$	7 336 679	\$	167 669	\$	1 158 330		(6 012 983)
		C-	eneral Revenue	oc.					
	MT	GE			ovied for gone		nurnococ		3 645 228
	MT DT	Property taxes, levied for general purposes							3 645 228 697 816
	IE	Property taxes, levied for debt service							5 323
		Investment earnings Grants and contributions not restricted							
	GC MI				ributions not ri cal and interm				2 918 629
				-	145 054				
	TR		TOTAL GI	-	7 412 050				
	CN	_	CHANGE		1 401 370				
	NB	Re	ginning net po						1 949 753
	NE		NET POSI	110	N - ENDING			\$_	3 351 123

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS August 31, 2021

EXHIBIT C-1

			10	50			98
DATA CONTROL CODES	-	-	GENERAL FUND	 DEBT SERVICE FUND	 NON- MAJOR GOVERN- MENTAL		TOTAL GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS
1110 1225 1240	ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable, net Due from other governments Other receivables	\$	3 927 646 150 169 226 191	\$ 620 267 31 193 -	\$ 78 139 - 24 155	\$	4 626 052 181 362 250 346
1290 1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3 700 4 307 706	\$ 651 460	\$ 102 294	\$	3 700 5 061 460
	LIABILITIES Liabilities:						
2150 2160	Payroll deductions and withholdings Accrued wages payable	\$	71 163 141 249	\$ -	\$ -	\$	71 163 141 249
2000	TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	212 412	 -	 -	_	212 412
2600	DEFERRED INFLOWS Unavailable revenue - Property taxes TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	_	150 169	 31 193	 -		181 362
	DEFERRED INFLOWS		362 581	31 193	-		393 774
3480	FUND BALANCES Restricted Fund Balances: Debt service	_	-	 620 267	 -	_	620 267
3450 3550 3600	State and federal grants Assigned – capital expenditures Unassigned		- 1 603 543 2 341 582	-	102 294 -		102 294 1 603 543 2 341 582
3000	TOTAL FUND BALANCE	<u>-</u>	3 945 125	 620 267	 102 294	_	4 667 686
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	4 307 706	\$ 651 460	\$ 102 294	\$	5 061 460

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION August 31, 2021

August 31, 2021	EXH	IBIT C-1R
TOTAL FUND BALANCES FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	4 667 686
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		10 641 095
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are recorded as unavailable in the funds.		181 362
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(8 610 000)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(10 628)
Bond premiums amortized in the Statement of Net Position but not in the funds.		(592 536)
Deferred charge on refunding is amortized in the Statement of Net Position but not in the funds.		260 116
Some liabilities, including net pension and OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(2 487 180)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pension and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	•	(698 792)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	\$	3 351 123

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

EXHIBIT C-2

			10		50				98
DATA CONTROL CODES	- D	_	GENERAL FUND		DEBT SERVICE FUNDS		NON- MAJOR GOVERN- MENTAL	. <u>-</u>	TOTAL GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS
5700	Revenues:	4	3 862 981	+	698 565	4	152 775	4	4 714 321
	Local, intermediate and out-of-state	\$		\$		\$		\$	
5800	State program revenues		2 853 360		9 790		24 219		2 887 369
5900	Federal program revenues	-	55 479		700 255	-	445 040	-	500 519
5020	TOTAL REVENUES	-	6 771 820		708 355		622 034	-	8 102 209
	Expenditures:								
0011	Instruction		3 139 997		_		210 153		3 350 150
0012	Instructional resources and media services		48 146		_		-		48 146
0013	Curriculum and staff development		61 666		_		-		61 666
0023	School leadership		279 151		_		-		279 151
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation services		65 786		_		-		65 786
0033	Health services		63 116		_		_		63 116
0034	Student (pupil) transportation		318 045		-		-		318 045
0035	Food services		-		_		299 020		299 020
0036	Extracurricular activities		225 020		-		-		225 020
0041	General administration		322 272		-		-		322 272
0051	Plant maintenance and operations		762 004		-		70 203		832 207
0052	Security and monitoring services		64 683		-		-		64 683
0053	Data processing services		21 685		-		-		21 685
0071	Principal		-		350 000		-		350 000
0072	Interest		-		250 625		-		250 625
0073	Bond Issuance costs and fees		-		900		-		900
0093	Shared services arrangements		95 186		-		-		95 186
0099	Other intergovernmental charges		98 203		-		-		98 203
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	5 564 960	_	601 525	_	579 376		6 745 861
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	1 206 860		106 830		42 658	. <u>-</u>	1 356 348
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
7915	Transfer in		57 252		-		-		57 252
8911	Transfer out		-		(57 252)		-		(57 252)
7080	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	57 252		(57 252)		-		-
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1 264 112		49 578		42 658		1 356 348
0100	Fund balance - Beginning		2 681 013	_	570 689	_	59 636	_	3 311 338
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	3 945 125	\$	620 267	\$	102 294	\$	4 667 686
			·	_		_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

To the real Ended Adgust 91, 2021	EXI	HIBIT C-3
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	1 356 348
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are Different Because:		
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.		(511 442)
Additions of capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		231 396
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		(561)
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.		(537)
Repayment of bond/lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. Amortiz of deferral and premium costs are expense in the SOA. The net effect is shown.	ation	369 542
Governmental funds report district pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the government wide statements and the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension/ OPEB expense.	:	(43 376)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	\$	1 401 370

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS August 31, 2021

August 51, 21	EXHIBIT E-1
ASSETS	AGENCY FUND STUDENT ACTIVITY
Cash and cash equivalents TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>87 880</u> 87 880
LIABILITIES Due to others TOTAL LIABILITIES	
NET POSITION Held in trust TOTAL NET POSITION	\$7 880 \$ 87 880

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

Tof the Teal Effect August 31, 2021	EXHIBIT E-2
	AGENCY FUND STUDENT ACTIVITY
Additions: Contributions TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$ <u>102 776</u> 102 776
Deductions: Payments to others TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	103 970 103 970
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1 194)
Net position - Beginning of the year	89 074
NET POSITION - END OF THE YEAR	\$ 87 880

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. The Reporting Entity

Iola Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of the Texas Education Agency's (TEA) *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

The District is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by a board elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations, and is considered a primary government. As required by GAAP, basic financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the District's financial reporting entity. No other entities have been included in the District's reporting entity. Additionally, as the District is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

B. <u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u>

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately.

C. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonable equivalent in value to the interfund services provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest on all long-term debt of the District. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. While the debt service fund does not meet the requirements to be considered a major fund, it is reported as such due to its significance.

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service. The restricted or committed proceeds of specific revenue sources comprise a substantial portion of the inflows of these special revenue funds. Most federal and some state financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund.

The *fiduciary funds* account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District has the following type of fiduciary funds:

The *agency funds* are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for the District's student activity funds.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, grant revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

Investments, except for certain investment pools, commercial paper, money market funds, and investment contracts, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost. Money market funds, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and commercial paper that have a remaining maturity of one year or less upon acquisition, are reported at amortized cost. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts, such as certificates of deposits, are reported at cost.

The District has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. In summary, the District is authorized to invest in the following:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government
- Fully collateralized certificates of deposit and money market accounts
- Statewide investment pools and commercial paper.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies on balance sheet are stated at weighted average cost, while inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Agriculture. Inventory items are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Supplies are used for almost all functions of activity, while food commodities are used only in the food service program. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Agriculture and recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount. Inventories also include plant maintenance and operation supplies, as well as instructional supplies.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years:

Cation at a d

	Estimated	
Asset Description	Useful Life	
Buildings and improvements	40 years	_
Building improvements (including infrastructure)	20 years	
Vehicles	10 years	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	7 to 30 years	

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements until due. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, net of the applicable premium or discount and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. In the governmental fund types, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. However, claims and judgments paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable, available financial resources.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with the interest earned in the debt service fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

7. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

8. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

9. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governmental or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted fund balance.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The District's Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The District's Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

10. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

11. Data Control Codes

The data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the Resource Guide. The TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the TEA in order to insure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

12. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported in fair value.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

13. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applications who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

All taxes due to the District on real or personal property are payable at the Office of the Tax Assessor-Collector and may be paid at any time after the tax rolls for the year have been completed and approved, which is no later than October 1. Taxes are due by January 31, and all taxes not paid prior to this date are deemed delinquent and are subject to such penalty and interest.

Property taxes attach as enforceable lien on property as of January 1 each year. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are payable prior to the next February 1. District property tax revenues are recognized when collected.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. The original budget is adopted by the District prior to the beginning of the year. The legal level of control is the function code stated in the approved budget. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year, excluding capital project budgets.

In accordance with State law and generally accepted accounting standards, the District prepares an annual budget for the general fund, the national school lunch and breakfast program special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. The District budgets the capital projects fund for each *project*, which normally covers multiple years. Special revenue funds have budgets approved by the funding agency and are amended throughout the year as required.

During the year, the District amended its budget as required by State law and to reflect current levels of revenue and anticipated expenditures. There were no material changes between the original budget and the final amended budget.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

As of August 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

		WEIGHTED
		AVERAGE
INVESTMENTS	 AMOUNT	MATURITY DAYS
TexPool	\$ 105 445	30
Lone Star	3 847 515	45
Certificates of deposit	200 000	284
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	\$ 4 152 960	

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and invest operating funds primarily in short-term securities.

Custodial risk. The District's policy requires that investment pools must be rated no lower than "AAA" or "AAA-m". Bankers' acceptances must be issued in the United States and carry a rating of "A1"/"P1" as provided by two of the top nationally recognized rating agencies. As of August 31, 2021, the District's investments in TexPool and Lone Star were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's. All other investments are guaranteed (either express or implied) by the full faith and credit of the United States Government or the issuing U.S. agency.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Custodial credit risk - Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy requires funds on deposits at the depository bank to be collateralized. As of August 31, 2021, checking and time deposits were entirely insured or collateralized with securities as provided by State laws and regulations and FDIC insurance.

Custodial credit risk - Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party in the event of the failure of the counterparty. The District's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeep securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, shall be conducted on a delivery versus payment basis or commercial book entry system as utilized by the Federal Reserve and shall be protected through the use of a third-party custody/safekeeping agent.

TexPool

TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State of Texas as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities, of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor's rates TexPool "AAAm". As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as to the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review.

TexPool is an external investment pool measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, TexPool must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity, and diversification requirements within TexPool. TexPool transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has weighted average maturities of 60 days or less, and weighted average lives of 120 days or less. Investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, have no more than five percent of portfolio with one issuer (excluding U.S. government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. TexPool has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. TexPool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium, or national state of emergency that affects TexPool's liquidity.

Lone Star

The Lone Star Investment Pool ("Lone Star") is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the Board of Trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and nonmembers. Lone Star is rated "AAA" by Standard & Poor's and operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star which seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight, and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net asset value of \$0.50.

B. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities at year end is as follows:

		BEGINNING						ENDING
	_	BALANCES	_	INCREASES		DECREASES		BALANCES
Governmental Activities:	_		-		-		-	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	466 540	\$	-	\$	-	\$	466 540
Construction in progress	_	-	_	180 920		-		180 920
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED	_	466 540	·-	180 920	-	-	-	647 460
Other Capital Assets:	_							
Buildings and improvements		16 240 578		32 596		-		16 273 174
Equipment		1 265 508		70 550		(81 031)		1 255 027
Vehicles		930 921		-				930 921
TOTAL OTHER CAPITAL ASSETS	_	18 437 007		103 146		(81 031)		18 459 122
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:	_							
Buildings and improvements		(6 179 683)		(450 653)		-		(6 630 336)
Equipment		(1 033 163)		(25 838)		28 361		(1 030 185)
Vehicles	_	(769 560)	_	(35 406)		-		(804 966)
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		(7 982 406)		(511 442)		28 361		(8 465 487)
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED, NET	_	10 454 601		(408 296)		(52 670)		9 993 635
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	10 921 141	\$	(227 376)	\$	(52 670)	\$	10 641 095

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 305 022
Instructional resources and media services	4 230
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	361
Health services	971
Student (pupil) transportation	25 383
Food service	10 359
Extracurricular activities	133 457
General administration	11 218
Plant maintenance and operations	 20 441
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	\$ 511 442

C. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the District's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year. In general, the District uses the debt service fund to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities

GOVERNMENTA	AL ACTIVITIES		BEGINNING BALANCE		ADDITIONS		(REDUCTIONS)	ENDING BALANCE		AMOUNTS DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
Bonds Payable:		_		-		-				<u> </u>
Series 2009	3.00 - 4.625%	\$	365 000	\$	-	\$	(185 000)	\$ 180 000	\$	180 000
Series 2016,										
refunding	2.00 - 4.00%		8 595 000		-		(165 000)	8 430 000		190 000
TOTAL BON	NDS PAYABLE		8 960 000		-		(350 000)	8 610 000		370 000
Other Liabilities:										
Net issuance p	remiums		625 455		-		(32 919)	592 536		-
Net pension lia	bility		1 102 004		-		(40 237)	1 061 767		-
Net OPEB liabil	lity		1 676 028	_	-	_	(250 615)	1 425 413	_	
TOTAL GOV	VERNMENTAL			_		-				
ACTIVITI	ES	\$	12 363 487	\$_	-	\$_	(673 771)	\$ 11 689 716	\$	370 000

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

The annual requirements to amortize debt issues outstanding at year end were as follows:

	_	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS							
YEAR ENDED						TOTAL			
AUGUST 31	_	PRINCIPAL	_	INTEREST	_	REQUIREMENTS			
2022	\$	370 000	\$	238 000	\$	608 000			
2023		380 000		223 950		603 950			
2024		395 000		208 450		603 450			
2025		410 000		192 350		602 350			
2026		425 000		175 650		600 650			
2027-2031		2 300 000		712 401		3 012 401			
2032-2036		2 595 000		411 439		3 006 439			
2037-2039	_	1 735 000	_	77 563		1 812 563			
TOTAL	\$_	8 610 000	\$_	2 239 803	\$	10 849 803			

D. Commitments Under Noncapitalized Leases

The District has various operating lease agreements for copiers. Rental expenditures recognized by the District for the fiscal year are as follows:

Rental expenditures in 2021 \$ 13 868

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases as of August 31, 2021:

YEAR ENDED		
AUGUST 31	_	COPIERS
2022	\$	13 868
TOTAL MINIMUM RENTALS	\$	13 868

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONTINUED

TRANSFERS FROMTRANSFERS TOAMOUNTDebt serviceGeneral fund\$ 57 252

F. Oil and Gas Lease Agreement

On January 13, 2012, the District entered into a two-year lease agreement, (the "Agreement") with the option to extend for an additional year, with Petromax Production, LLC for purposes of exploring; drilling and operating for; and producing and owning oil, gas, and other minerals on District-owned property. The District has the option to extend the agreement each year. The District will receive royalties of 23% of the production of oil, gas, and other substances. During the year, the District received \$307 for the lease of these mineral rights.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District purchases commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed, or not performed correctly, it could result in a substantial liability to the District. Although the District does not anticipate that it will have any arbitrage liability, it periodically engages an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with IRS rules and regulations.

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefit and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and Required Supplementary Information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http:://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service requirement is at age 65 five years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with five years of service credit or early than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes, including automatic cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs). Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan Description above.

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than six percent for the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than six percent and not more than ten percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates. The 85th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 and 2021.

CONTRIBUTION RATES	 2020	2021
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contribution Entity (State)	6.8%	7.5%
Employers	6.8%	7.5%
2021 Employer Contributions	\$ 78 559	
2021 Member Contributions	\$ 291 587	
2020 NECE On-behalf Contributions	\$ 248 890	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and GAA.

As the NECE for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational, and general or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50 percent of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees and 100 percent of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- When employing a retiree of TRS, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5 percent of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees and 100 percent of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2020 **Actuarial Cost Method** Individual Entry Age Normal Market Value Asset Valuation Method Single Discount Rate 7.25% 7.25% Long-term Expected Investment Rate of Return Inflation 2.30% Salary Increases Including Inflation 3.05% to 9.05% including inflation Benefit Changes During the Year None Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes None

Discount Rate

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25% and a municipal bond rate of 2.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2020 are summarized below:

			LONG-TERM EXPECTED	EXPECTED CONTRIBUTION
		TARGET	GEOMETRIC REAL	TO LONG-TERM
ASSET CLASS		ALLOCATION*	RATE OF RETURN	PORTFOLIO RETURNS**
Global Equity		18%	5.70%	1.04%
. ,	Non-U.S. Developed	13%	6.90%	0.90%
	Emerging Markets	9%	8.95%	0.80%
	Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.53%	0.14%
	Private Equity	13%	10.18%	1.32%
Stable Value	U.S. Treasuries	11%	1.11%	0.12%
	Absolute Return	- %	- %	- %
	Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.09%	0.12%
	Cash	1%	(0.30)%	- %
Real Return	Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.70%	0.02%
	Real Assets	14%	5.21%	0.73%
	Energy and Natural Resources	5%	7.48%	0.37%
	Commodities	- %	- %	- %
Risk Parity	Risk Parity	5%	3.70%	0.18%
_	Inflation Expectation			2.30%
	Alpha			(0.79)%
Total		100%		7.25%

^{*} Target allocations are based on the FY2016 policy model.

^{*} The Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments was 7.25 percent. The annual money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was one percent less than and one percent greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

		1% DECREASE	DISCOUNT	1% INCREASE
		IN DISCOUNT	RATE	IN DISCOUNT
	_	RATE (6.25%)	(7.25%)	 RATE (8.25%)
District proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1 637 226	\$ 1 061 767	\$ 594 219

At August 31, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$1,061,767 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	1 061 767
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	_	3 230 724
TOTAL	\$	4 292 491

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021. At August 31, 2020 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.002% which was an increase of 0.0001% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2019.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - The following changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

The total pension liability as of August 31, 2020 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2019 valuation.

Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2019.

Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.

The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.25 percent as of August 31, 2020.

For the year ended August 31, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$388,584 and revenue of \$388,584 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

DEEEDDED

DEEEDDED

	DLI LKKLD	DLI LKKLD
	OUTFLOWS OF	INFLOWS OF
	RESOURCES	RESOURCES
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 1 939	\$ 29 631
Changes in actuarial assumptions	246 368	104 754
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	47 299	25 804
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	78 813	190 846
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	78 559	 -
TOTAL	\$ 452 978	\$ 351 035

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

PENSION		
_	EXPENSE	
\$	38 887	
\$	29 731	
\$	9 609	
\$	(22 804)	
\$	(28 968)	
\$	(3 071)	
	\$ \$ \$ \$	

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

D. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701-2698; or by calling 512.542.6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for the average retiree with Medicare coverage.

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees January 1, 2020 - December 31, 2020					
		Medicare		Non-Medicare	
Retiree*	\$	135	\$	200	
Retiree and Spouse		529		689	
Retiree* and Children		468		408	
Retiree and Family		1 020		999	

^{*} or surviving spouse

Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a payas-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

CONTRIBUTION NATES	Contri	bution	Rates
--------------------	--------	--------	-------

		2020	2021
Active Employee	_	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity		1.25%	1.25%
Employers		0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers		1.25%	1.25%
2021 Employer Contributions	\$	28 937	
2021 Member Contributions	\$	24 615	
2020 NECE On-behalf Contributions	\$	38 297	

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (*regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program*). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$73.6 million in fiscal year 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2020

Methods and Assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 2.33% as of August 31, 2020

Demographic Assumptions Based on the experience study performed for the Teachers Retirement System of Texas of the

period ending August 31, 2017.

Mortality Assumption The active mortality rates were based on 90% of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for

males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2019 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables,

with full generational projection scale ("U-MP").

Healthcare Trend Rates Initial medical trend rates of 107.74% and 9.00% for Medicare retirees and initial medical trend

rate of 6.75% for non-Medicare retirees. Initial prescription drug trend rate of 11.00% for all retirees. The first year medical trend for Medicare retirees (107.74%) reflects the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. Initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend

rate of 4.50% over a period of 9 years.

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65 and 75% participation after age 65

Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience.

Expenses Third party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included

in the age-adjusted claims costs.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2020 TRS pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.33% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a change of 0.3% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to *not be able to* make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.33%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
in Discount	Single Discount	in Discount
Rate (1.33%)	Rate (2.33%)	Rate (3.33%)
\$ 1 710 493	\$ 1 425 413	\$ 1 200 241

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability of TRS-Care using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent less than or one percent higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate:

1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase	
in Healthcare	Healthcare	in Healthcare	
Cost Trend Rate	Cost Trend Rate	Cost Trend Rate	
3.5%	4.5%	5.5%	
\$ 1 164 380	\$ 1 425 413	\$ 1 773 073	۰

Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$1,425,413 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provide to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liabiliy	\$ 1 425 413
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	1 915 414
TOTAL	\$ 3 340 827

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2019 thru August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2020, the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0037% which was an increase of 0.0002% from August 31, 2019.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

The following assumptions and other inputs which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- 1. The discount rate changed from 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019 to 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020. This change increased the TOL.
- 2. The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- 3. The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent. 25 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- 4. The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.
- 5. Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$13,300 and revenue of \$13,300 for support provided by the State.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

At August 31, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of TRS-Care's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows of		Inflows of
	Resources	_	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 74 634	\$	652 342
Changes in actuarial assumptions	87 918		391 426
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	492		29
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions			
and the proportionate share of contributions	197 403		146 322
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	28 937	_	
TOTAL	\$ 389 384	\$	1 190 119

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPEB
YEAR ENDED	EXPENSE
AUGUST 31,	 AMOUNT
2022	\$ (139 745)
2023	\$ (139 807)
2024	\$ (139 842)
2025	\$ (139834)
2026	\$ (101 760)
Thereafter	\$ (168684)

The Medicare Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA) created an outpatient prescription drug benefit program (known as Medicare Part D) and a Retiree Drug Subsidy (RDS) program which were made available in 2006. The Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) is offering a Medicare Part D Plan and is participating in the Retiree Drug Subsidy plan for eligible TRS-Care participants. Under Medicare Part D and the RDS program, TRS-Care received payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. On-behalf payments must be recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by each reporting entity. The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payroll reported by all participating reporting entities. TRS based this allocation percentage on the "completed" report submissions by reporting entities for the month of May. For the fiscal years ended August 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$17,264, \$17,915, and \$13,155, respectively.

E. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the "Plan"). The District paid premiums of \$225 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement. The contract between the District and the insurer is renewable and terms of coverage and premiums costs are included in the contractual provisions. The contract between the District and the insurer is renewable September 1, 2019 and terms of coverage and premiums costs are included in the contractual provisions.

F. Workers' Compensation Insurance

During the year ended August 31, 2021, employees of the District were covered by a self-funded workers' compensation plan (the "Plan"). The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third-party administrator, Claims Administrative Services (CAS), is renewable September 1, 2018, and the terms of coverage and contributions costs are included in the contractual provisions.

In accordance with state statutes, the District was protected against unanticipated catastrophic individual coverage or aggregate loss by reinsurance coverage carried through Midwest Employers Casualty, a commercial insurer licensed or eligible to do business in the state of Texas in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code. Reinsurance coverage was in effect for individual loss claims exceeding \$1,000,000 and for aggregate claims with a statutory minimum of \$5,000,000. According to CAS, the District had a total of \$27,964 in unpaid claims and \$9,181 in claims incurred but not reported at August 31, 2021.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONTINUED

The claim liability is based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate of claims which have been incurred, but not reported based on historical experience. Changes in the claims liability for workers' compensation benefits for the current and prior fiscal years are summarized below:

ETCCAL VEAD

	 FISCAL YEAR		
	 2021		2020
Claims liability at beginning of year	\$ 27 052	\$	30 483
Current year claims and estimated changes	4 636		1 599
Claims payments	(3 724)		(5 030)
CLAIMS LIABILITY AT YEAR END	\$ 27 964	\$	27 052

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop-loss coverage for the unemployment compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2021, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February o the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020 are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

G. Shared Service Arrangements

The District participates in an SSA for the education of career and technology students, funded under Title II, Basic Grant Career and Technology Education Program. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Education Service Center - Region VI, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent is responsible for part of the financial activities of the SSA. Region VI is reporting \$5,377 as expenditures incurred on behalf of the District.

The District participates in an SSA for the improvement of the education of limited English proficient children funded under ESEA Title III, Part A, English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancement. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Education Service Center - Region VI, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent is responsible for part of the financial activities of the SSA. Region VI is reporting \$269 as expenditures incurred on behalf of the District.

NOTE 5 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The District does not currently have any tax abatement agreements.

NOTE 6 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through January 13, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 7 - COVID-19 PANDEMIC IMPACT

A novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) was spread to the United States of America in January and February 2020. The World Health Organization declared the outbreak to constitute a pandemic. The COVID-19 outbreak is disrupting supply chains and affecting production and sales across a range of industries. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the District's operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on our students, employees and vendors all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. As of the date these financial statements are issued, COVID-19 had not materially affected results of operations in 2021. However, the impact of response efforts on future operations cannot be predicted.

NOTE 8 - CHAPTER 313 AGREEMENT

The Iola Board of Trustees approved an Agreement with a company for a Limitation on Appraised Value of Property for School District Maintenance and Operations Taxes pursuant to Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, *i.e.*, the Texas Economic Development Act, as set forth in Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, as amended. Each company qualified for a tax limitation agreement under Texas Tax Code §313.024(b)(5), as manufacturing projects.

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED August 31, 2021

NOTE 8 - CHAPTER 313 AGREEMENT - CONTINUED

Value limitation agreements are part of a state program, originally created in 2001, which allows school districts to limit the taxable value of an approved project for Maintenance and Operations (M&O) for a period of years specified in the statute. The project(s) under the Chapter 313 Agreement(s) must be consistent with the State's goal to "encourage large scale capital investments in this state." Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code grants eligibility to companies engaged in manufacturing, research and development, renewable electric energy production, clean coal projects, nuclear power generation and data centers.

In order to qualify for a value limitation agreement, each Applicant has been required to meet a series of capital investment, job creation, and wage requirements specified by state law. At the time of the Applications' approval, each of the Agreements were deemed to have done so by both the District's Board of Trustees and the Texas Comptroller's Office, which recommended approval of the projects. The Applications, the Agreements, and state reporting requirement documentation can be viewed at the Texas Comptroller's website: https://www.comptroller.texas.gov/economy/local/ch313/agreement-docs.php.

After approval, the Applicant's company must maintain a viable presence in the District for the entire period of the value limitation, plus a period of years thereafter. In addition, there are specific reporting requirements, which are monitored on an annual and biennial basis in order to ensure relevant job, wage, and operational requirements are being met.

In the event that an entity terminates the Agreement without the consent of the District, or in the event that the company or its successor-in-interest fails to comply in any material respect with the terms of the Agreement or to meet any material obligation under the Agreement, then the District shall be entitled to the recapture of all ad valorem tax revenue lost as a result of the Agreement together with the payment of penalty and interest on that recaptured ad valorem tax revenue. Penalties on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code §33.01(a), or its successor statute. Interest on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code §33.01(c), or its successor statute. The Agreement provides an administrative procedure to determine any company liability. Ultimately, enforcement of any payment obligation is through the local state district court.

As of the date of this letter, the Applicant companies are in full compliance with all of their obligations under law and the individual Agreements.

This agreement limits the taxable value of the covered property not to exceed the lesser of \$20,000,000 or the market value of the qualified property for a ten year period beginning with fiscal year 2023. For the fiscal year 2021, the Applicant Company was not required to make a supplemental payment to the District, payments start with the 2022 fiscal school year.

	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTA	ARY INFORMATION		
Required supplementary information ind Standards Board, but not considered a			by the Governmental Account	ting

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

EXHIBIT G-1

DATA CONTROL CODES		1 BUDGETE ORIGINAL	ED A	2 MOUNTS FINAL		3 ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
	Revenues:						
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 3 341 921	\$	3 341 921	\$	3 862 981	\$ 521 060
5800	State program revenues	2 519 704		2 519 704		2 853 360	333 656
5900	Federal program revenue	-	_	55 479	_	55 479	
5020	TOTAL REVENUES	5 861 625		5 917 104		6 771 820	854 716
	Expenditures:						
0011	Instruction	3 156 815		3 166 815		3 139 997	26 818
0012	Instructional resources and media services	48 397		48 397		48 146	251
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	68 952		68 952		61 666	7 286
0023	School leadership	280 449		280 449		279 151	1 298
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	64 006		74 006		65 786	8 220
0033	Health services	64 057		64 058		63 116	942
0034	Student (pupil) transportation	332 570		387 570		318 045	69 525
0036	Extracurricular activities	274 045		259 045		225 020	34 025
0041	General administration	357 953		342 953		322 272	20 681
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	655 592		828 187		762 004	66 183
0052	Security and monitoring services	72 350		72 350		64 683	7 667
0053	Data processing services	22 400		22 400		21 685	715
0093	Payments to fiscal agent/member district of SSA	96 000		96 000		95 186	814
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	111 500		101 500		98 203	3 297
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5 605 086		5 812 682		5 564 960	247 722
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	256 539	-	104 422	-	1 206 860	1 102 438
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
7915	Transfer in	(20 000)		-		57 252	57 252
7080	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(20 000)		-		57 252	57 252
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	236 539		104 422		1 264 112	1 159 690
0100	Fund balance - Beginning	2 681 013	-	2 681 013		2 681 013	
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 2 917 552	\$	2 785 435	\$	3 945 125	\$ 1 159 690

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

EXHIBIT G-2

		2020	. <u> </u>	2019	_	2018	 2017		2016	-	2015		2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0020%		0.0021%		0.0025%	0.0026936%		0.0027021%		0.0023701%		0.0013016%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1 061 767	\$	1 102 004	\$	1 400 509	\$ 861 273	\$	1 021 089	\$	837 799	\$	347 676
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	_	3 230 724	. <u>-</u>	2 680 535	_	3 015 474	 1 734 937	<u> </u>	2 153 921	-	2 073 449		1 786 364
TOTAL	\$ <u></u>	4 292 491	\$_	3 782 539	\$_	4 415 983	\$ 2 596 210	\$	3 175 010	\$	2 911 248	\$_	2 134 040
District's covered-employee payroll**	\$	3 762 797	\$	3 199 964	\$	3 433 469	\$ 3 234 816	\$	3 139 777	\$	2 968 286	\$	2 947 709
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll		28.22%		34.44%		40.79%	26.63%		32.52%		28.23%		11.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.54%		75.24%		73.74%	78.00%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended August 31, 2021:

Changes in Assumptions. See Note 4 for changes.

Changes in Benefit: See Note 4 for changes.

^{*} Only six years' worth of information are currently available.

^{**} As of the measurement date.

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

EXHIBIT G-3

		2021	2020 2019 2019		2018				2016		2015	· <u>-</u>	2014			
Contractually required contribution	\$	78 559	\$	80 328	\$	70 755	\$	84 577	\$	88 264	\$	85 853	\$	70 322	\$	32 999
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	-	(78 559)		(80 328)		(70 755)		(84 577)		(88 264)		(85 853)		(70 322)	. <u>-</u>	(32 999)
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ <u>_</u>	-	\$	-	\$ <u></u>	-	\$	-	\$ <u></u>	-	\$ <u></u>	-	\$_	-	\$ <u>_</u>	
District's covered- employee payroll	\$	3 786 842	\$	3 762 797	\$	3 199 964	\$	3 433 469	\$	3 234 816	\$	3 139 777	\$	2 968 286	\$	2 947 709
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		2.07%		2.13%		2.21%		2.46%		2.73%		2.73%		2.37%		1.12%

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF OPEB LIABILITY AND DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

EXHIBIT G-4

District's Proportionate Share of Liability		2020	 2019		2018	_	2017
District's proportion of the OPEBL		0.0037%	0.0035%		0.0036457%		0.0036457%
District's proportionate share of the OPEBL	\$	1 425 413	\$ 1 676 028	\$	1 585 375	\$	1 585 375
State share of the OPEBL associated with the District TOTAL	\$ <u>_</u>	1 915 414 3 340 827	\$ 2 227 067 3 903 095	\$	2 663 878 4 249 253	\$_	2 663 878 4 249 253
District's covered-employee payroll* Prior FY TRS Gross - September through August	\$	3 762 797	\$ 3 199 964	\$	3 234 816	\$	3 234 816
Proportionate share/covered payroll		37.88%	52.38%		49.01%		49.01%
Plan fiduciary net position/total OPEB liability		4.99%	2.66%		0.91%		0.91%
District Contributions		2021	 2020	-	2019	_	2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions to required contribution CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ - \$	28 937 (28 937) -	\$ 28 221 (28 221)	\$	24 596 (24 596) -	\$ _ \$	26 741 (26 741)
Current fiscal year TRS gross	\$	3 786 842	\$ 3 762 797	\$	3 199 964	\$	3 433 469
Contributions to covered payroll		0.76%	0.75%		0.77%		0.78%

Information provided by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

Notes - See changes in assumptions - Note 4 D.

^{*} This schedule is illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION August 31, 2021

Budgetary Information

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund and the National School Breakfast and Lunch Fund which is included in the Special Revenue Funds. The District presented the General Fund budgetary comparison schedule as required supplementary information. The Child Nutrition Fund and Debt Service Fund budgetary comparison schedule is presented as required TEA schedules. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenue and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenue and expenditures.

See Note 2 for additional procedures followed in establishing the budget.

Pension and OPEB

See Note 4 for changes of assumptions and benefits that affect the pension and OPEB liability.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

DATA CONTROL CODES	-	-	211 ESEA TITLE 1 IMPROVING BASIC SKILLS		240 NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST/ LUNCH PROGRAM		255 TITLE II PART A TRAINING AND RECRUITING
	ASSETS						
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	50 549	\$	-
1240	Due from other government	_	-	_	24 155		-
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	-	\$_	74 704	\$	-
2170 3000	LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ <u>-</u>	- -	, \$ ₋	- -	_ \$ __	<u>-</u>
3490 3000	FUND BALANCES Restricted Fund Balances: Other restricted of fund balance TOTAL FUND BALANCES	-	<u>-</u>		74 704 74 704		<u> </u>
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	-	\$	74 704	\$_	

EXHIBIT H-1

266		281		289	410			
ESSER	. <u>-</u>	ESSER II		TITLE IV PART A SUBPART 1		TEXTBOOK ALLOTMENT		TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
-	\$	20 341	\$	4 298 -	\$	2 951 -	\$	78 139 24 155
-	\$	20 341	\$	4 298	\$	-	\$	102 294
<u>-</u> -	\$ <u>_</u>	<u>-</u> -	. \$ <u>_</u>	<u>-</u> -	\$ ₋	<u>-</u>	\$.	<u>-</u> -
-	· <u>-</u>	20 341 20 341		4 298 4 298	· -	2 951 2 951		102 294 102 294
	\$_	20 341	\$_	4 298	\$	2 951	\$	102 294
		\$	ESSER	ESSER ESSER II - \$ 20 341 \$ \$ 20 341 \$ \$ 20 341 \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$	ESSER ESSER II TITLE IV PART A SUBPART 1 - \$ 20 341 \$ 4 298	ESSER ESSER II TITLE IV PART A SUBPART 1 - \$ 20 341 \$ 4 298 \$	ESSER ESSER II SUBPART 1 TEXTBOOK ALLOTMENT - \$ 20 341 \$ 4 298 \$ 2 951	TITLE IV PART A SUBPART 1 - \$ 20 341 \$ 4 298 \$ 2 951 \$ \$ 20 341 \$ 4 298 \$ - \$ \$ 20 341 \$ 4 298 \$ - \$ \$ 20 341 \$ 4 298 \$ - \$

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

		211		240		255
		ESEA		NATIONAL		TITLE II
		TITLE 1		SCHOOL		PART A
DATA		IMPROVING		BREAKFAST/		TRAINING
CONTROL		BASIC		LUNCH		AND
CODES	_	SKILLS		PROGRAM		RECRUITING
	Revenues:					
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ -	\$	152 775	\$	-
5800	State program revenues	-		14 733		-
5900	Federal program revenues	113 688	_	156 452		24 346
5020	TOTAL REVENUES	113 688		323 960		24 346
	Expenditures:					
0011	Instruction	113 688		-		24 346
0035	Food services	-		299 020		-
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	-	_	-		
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	113 688		299 020		24 346
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		24 940		-
0100	Fund balance - Beginning			49 764		
3000	ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$_	74 704	\$_	

EXHIBIT H-2

266 281 289 410

_	ESSER		ESSER II	TITLE IV PART A SUBPART 1	. <u>-</u>	TEXTBOOK ALLOTMENT		TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$	-	\$	-	-	\$	-	\$	152 775
	-		-	-		9 486		24 219
_	70 203	_	37 892	42 459	_	-	_	445 040
_	70 203		37 892	42 459	_	9 486	_	622 034
	_		17 551	48 033		6 535		210 153
	-		-	-		-		299 020
_	70 203		<u>-</u> _	_	_	-	_	70 203
_	70 203	_	17 551	48 033	_	6 535	_	579 376
	-		20 341	(5 574)		2 951		42 658
				9 872	_	<u>-</u>		59 636
\$	-	\$	20 341	4 298	\$	2 951	\$	102 294

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

	(1)	(1) (2) TAX RATES						
LAST 10 YEARS	MAINTENANCE MAINTENANCE	DEBT_SERVICE		SESSED/APPRAISAL ALUE FOR SCHOOL TAX PURPOSES				
2012 and prior years	Various	Various		Various				
2013	0.9900	0.30390	\$	164 846 593				
2014	1.0100	0.28890	\$	237 927 689				
2015	1.0400	0.25540	\$	286 932 029				
2016	1.0400	0.28110	\$	300 714 274				
2017	1.0400	0.30120	\$	288 770 337				
2018	1.0400	0.22560	\$	258 525 074				
2019	1.0400	0.19410	\$	288 105 488				
2020	0.9700	0.19036	\$	194 720 564				
2021 (School year under audit)	0.9439	0.18123	\$	380 415 596				

TOTALS

EXHIBIT J-1

	(10)	(20)		(31)	(32)			(40)		(50)
	BEGINNING	CURRENT		MAINTENANCE		DEBT		ENTIRE		ENDING
	BALANCE	PERIOD'S		TOTAL		SERVICE		PERIOD'S		BALANCE
_	09/01/2020	 TOTAL LEVY	_	COLLECTED		COLLECTIONS	_	ADJUSTMENTS	_	08/31/2021
\$	48 664	\$ -	\$	4 015	\$	584	\$	(422)	\$	43 643
	8 901	-		438		135		-		8 328
	14 539	-		458		131		-		13 950
	13 776	-		453		111		-		13 212
	15 252	-		982		266		-		14 004
	15 551	-		1 405		407		-		13 739
	21 996	-		3 695		801		(10)		17 490
	37 284	-		9 900		1 847		-		25 537
	83 926	-		30 434		5 973		(12 022)		35 497
-	-	 4 280 170		3 545 475		680 814		19 807	_	73 688
\$	259 889	\$ 4 280 170	\$	3 597 255	\$	691 069	\$	7 353	\$	259 088

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

EXHIBIT J-2

			1		2		3	VARIANCE WITH FINAL
DATA			BUDGETE	D Al	MOUNTS			BUDGET
CONTROL CODES		<u>-</u>	ORIGINAL		FINAL	-	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	 POSITIVE OR (NEGATIVE)
	Revenues:							
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	145 000	\$	-	\$	152 775	\$ 152 775
5800	State program revenues		2 500		2 500		14 733	12 233
5900	Federal program revenue		148 500		310 000	_	156 452	(153 548)
5020	TOTAL REVENUES		296 000		312 500		323 960	11 460
		_		-				_
	Expenditures:							
0035	Food service	_	296 000		312 500	-	299 020	 13 480
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	296 000		312 500		299 020	 13 480
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		24 940	24 940
0100	Fund balance - Beginning	_	49 764		49 764		49 764	
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$_	49 764	\$	49 764	\$_	74 704	\$ 24 940

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

EXHIBIT :	J-3
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			1		2		3	VARIANCE WITH FINAL
DATA			BUDGETED AMOUNTS				BUDGET	
CONTROL CODES	-	_	ORIGINAL	= .	FINAL	-	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	POSITIVE OR (NEGATIVE)
	Revenues:							
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	622 625	\$	622 625	\$	698 565	\$ 75 940
5800	State program revenues	_	-		-	_	9 790	9 790
5020	TOTAL REVENUES	_	622 625		622 625	=	708 355	85 730
	Expenditures: Debt Service:							
0071	Principal		350 000		350 000		350 000	-
0072	Interest		250 625		250 625		350 625	-
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees	_	900	_	900	_	900	
6030	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	601 525	_	601 525	-	601 525	-
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	_	21 100	- :	21 100	_	106 830	85 730
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
8911	Transfer out	_	-		-	_	(57 252)	(57 252)
7080	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	-		-	-	(57 252)	(57 252)
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		21 100		21 100		49 578	28 478
0100	Fund balance - Beginning	_	570 689		570 689	_	570 689	
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	612 889	\$	612 889	\$	620 267	\$ 28 478

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE SUPPLEMENTAL ALLOTMENT COMPLIANCE USE OF FUNDS REPORT For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

EXHIBIT J-4

DATA CONTROL		
CODES	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	 RESPONSES
	Districts are required to use at least 55% of state compensatory education state allotment funds on direct program costs. Statutory Authority: Texas Education Code §48.104.	
AP1	Did your district expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the district have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	Total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$ 281 281
AP5	Actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PICs 24,26,28,29,30,34)	\$ 187 951
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
	Districts are required to use at least 55% of bilingual education state allotment funds on direct program costs. Statutory Authority: Texas Education Code §48.105.	
AP8	Did your district expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP9	Does the district have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP10	Total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$ 3 744
AP12	Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PICs 25 and 35)	\$ 3 080



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Iola Independent School District Iola, Texas

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Iola Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 13, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Iola Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Iola Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Iola Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Iola Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lufkin, Texas January 13, 2021

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

A. Summary of the Auditor's Results

	1.	Financial Statements		
		Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>	
		Internal control over financial reporting:		
		Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X No
		Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X None reported
		Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X No
B.	Fina	ancial Statement Findings		
	Nor	ne		

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

	FINDING	STATUS
		<u> </u>
None		

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended August 31, 2021

None

IOLA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS As of August 31, 2021

Exhibit L-1

DATA CONTROL CODES		RESPONSES
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.) Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued. Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code, and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$